MUST SHOW UP.

DEMOCRATS COMPELLED TO DIS-CARD DISGUISE.

The Republican Senatorial Caucus Outlines a Method to Accomplish Something.

Business to be Expedited by Long Sessions -The Election Bill Only Incidentally Discussed.

Limitation of Debate Not Considered Necessary-Senator Ingalls Asks Some Consideration For the Calendar-Messra. Vest and Turpie on the Tariff-Capital Notes.

WASHINGTON, July 28 .- A caucus of Republican senators was called for tonight to consider the election bill and the question of changing the rules of the senate so as to expedite the transaction The caucus was attended by about thirty

so as to expedite the transaction of business.

The caucus was attended by about thirty members. Senator Sherman presided and was made the official medium of communication to the press. His statement was that the caucus had determined to fix the hour of the meeting of the senate after tomorrow and until further orders at 10 o'clock and continue it as long as possible, no hour for adjournment being fixed, the tariff bill at 1 to be considered for several days and then displaced for a time at least by the river and harbor bill. From senators it was learned that the object of this policy is to endeavor to force the Democrats to show their purpose toward the bill, whether or not it is to be one of delay. The Republicans hope by this movement to tire out the Democrats, who are to be left to do all the balking except when it is considered necessary to answer some point made in a speech on that side. The only other measures to be considered are the appropriation bills. The bill to transfer the revenue marine from the treasury to the navy department, which has occupied the morning hours for several days past, under the arrangement agreed upon tonight will be postponed until after the tariff bill is out of the way.

According to all reports, the election bill, as prepared by the committee on privileges and elections, was discussed only incidentally. Messrs. Hoar and Spooner, it is said, spoke of the necessity of taking action on that subject, but nothing was done. In all that was said by senators, there was no announcement by any of them or not they would support the bill in the senate.

Upon the subject of the proposed rule to limit debate the general expression of opinion is said to have been that as yet the Democrats have not manifested a purpose

gone between now and the time of adjournment in the consideration of measures on the calendar would have to be done in the morning hour. He respectfully submitted that there were several hundred bills on the calendar that were entitled to consideration that had been reported from committees and that ought to receive the attention of the senate some time. So far it is a variety of the attention of the senate some time. So far people who ralled a real eader of the point o attention of the senate some time. So far as he was concerned he should by his vote whenever opportunity offered, proceed to the consideration of bills on the calendar for two hours after the senate met, believng that that would be the best way to provide that general business would have any consideration at all.

Mr. Cockrell asked what was the use of the senate passing bills when the distinguished gentlemen in charge of the house did not give any attention to them. There were now on the calendar of the house hundreds and hundreds of bills passed by the senate and no attention was paid to them. Among them was the bill refunding the direct tax; among them were also two bills recently passed and regarded on the other side of the chamber as very important measures (the shipping bills) and they were being given over to "sleep the sleep that as to chemicals, oils and paints. Mr. McPherson moved to reduce the duty on acetic or pyroligneous acid. The voic was gareed to, calling on the secretary of a war for information as to the rules established for admissions to soldiers homes, if such admissions are based wholly or in part on the amount of pension and whether

Mr. Hawley did not quite agree with Mr. Cockrell. He wanted his own ammunition to be in order so that he could go home with a clear record. As to what was done elsewhere that was no; his direct

The resolution as to meeting at 11 was greed to with the understanding that the

ate should adjourn at 6. Mr. Aldrich moved to proceed to the consideration of the tariff bill. The motion was antagonized by a motion by Mr. Ingalis to proceed to the consideration of the WASHINGTON. July 28.—The motion se bill for the transfer of the revenue house bill for the transfer of the revenue marine to the navy department and the later motion was agreed to—yeas 26, pays 25. The Republican senators voting in the affirmative were Messrs Cameron, In-galls, Manderson and Spooner. Mr. Cock-rell was the only Democratic senator who voted in the negative. So the senate re-sumed consideration of the bill for the transfer of the revenue marine from the treasury department to the naval establishment and Mr. Cockrell continued his argument in opposition to it.

Mr. Gray moved to continue the consid-

of the revenue marine bill Mr. Free said that the friends of the revenue bill had occupied but an hour and a half upon it; its enemies (a small minorhalf upon it; its enemies (a small minor ity) all the rest of the time. It was as evident to the senate as if the purpose had been announced that the time had been oc-cupied for the purpose of preventing a vote on the measure—that only indicated what on the measure. That only indicated what he believed in, the necessity of a previous question in the senate, of some way to stop delate, of some way to prevent a senator from getting up every morning for three or four mornings in succession and reading from the report of a cleck in the treasury department. Why should not a vote be taken on the tariff bill? If there is a majority of the senate in layor of it, why should it not Ohio (Mr. Sherman) had made four speeches upon the bill and in the course of them had read the same identical articles which the senator from Missouri had oc-

taken up by the friends of the measure, but had been taken up purposely in filibus-

TheWirhita

tering against it.

Mr. Cockrell pronounced Mr. Frye's

Mr. by self as with-Air. Cockrell pronounced Mr. Frye's statement in reference to himself as without a particle of foundation. When that senator said, or intimated, that he (Mr. Cockrell) had consumed time in fillibustering, he intimated that which he knew nothing about; for it was not true.

The question was taken on Mr. Gray's motion and it was rejected—yeas 14, nays 34.

The tariff bill was then taken up and Mr. Vest addressed the senate in opposition to it. The advocates of high tariff taxation, he said, were confronted by a great peril. For years the farmers had been told that the home market was all they needed, and that the foreign market was a bagatelle, almost worthless. Now a great change had come. The depression in agricultural interests and the demands of the farmers for something besides lying statistics and for something besides lying statistics and frothy declamations had caused President Harrison and Mr. Bisine to urge upon con-gress legislation for subsidies for steam-ships and for reciprocity treaties with the outh American states in order to obtain a foreign market for American products. Very little was heard now of the home market but a great deal of the South American market and of the racally methods by which England had robbed the United States of valuable trade. Mr. Blaine now deprecated the putting of raw sugar on the free list or of increas-

the duties on wool and suggested that the duties on sugar and wool should be utilized to secure free trade with the South American states. So that at least the pro-tectionists had been driven from their rectionists had been driven from their pretentions humbug about the home market, and were forced to adopt the principle of free commercial intercourse which they had so long opposed and derided. The high priests of protection were burning incense on the altars of free trade and were yelling for reciprocity treaties, subsidies, subsidies to steam and sailing vessels, ran. American conventions, anything to pan-American conventions, anything to bring about free trade with the South American states so as to enlarge the for-eign market for American products. The pauding bill, he declared, was to re-

pay the mill owners their contributions to the campaign fund of the Republican party during the presidential campaign, and as the planters of the south were Demograts and the negroes were regarded by the Republican managers as mere political chattels, who could contribute nothing, the duties on northern manufacturers were increased while the duty on rice was diminished. The farmer who could not see that he was the victim under the high tariff system was hopelessly partisan. The farmer furnished nearly four-fifths of the exports of the country. and if the foreign market was unfriendly or was absolutely closed against him, he would have to keep his surplus products at home and help to lower prices by glut-ting the market. He asserted that the consumers of the United States were being systematically plundered under the pre-tense of protection to home industries. No further concealment was possible. The truth was at last revealed. The manusystematically plundered under the pretense of protection to home industries. No further concealment was possible. The truth was at last revealed. The manufacturers, who were persistently asking higher duties to exclude foreign competition, were availing themselves of the monopoly given by the exclusive tariff to charge the people of this country from 20 to 70 per cent higher for their goods than they could sell the same articles for in the unprotected markets of the world. It was no longer protection, but pure, simple, naked plunder. It might be that the people of the United States would submit to that system. Wrongs crystalized by custom and panoplied with privilege and power, had often become heary with age. The bastile had frowned in dark and sombre terror upon the populace of Paris, while king and courtier, philosopher and patriot passed away. It seemed etermal; but at last it fell and the nightmare of ages ended. Americans because of their free institutions of illerty.

day to morning business.

Mr. Ingalls, said that he did wish just

one and the remarked that as soon as

Mr. McPherson's resolution to recommit such action. He remarked that as seen as the tariff bill, the appropriation bills and the election bill were passed congress would undoubtedly adjourn promptly.

There would be no waiting on the "order classification of the condition of the con would undoubtedly adjourn promptly.

There would be no waiting on the "order their going" but they should "go at cless shall not exceed the average ad valorene." Therefore whatever was to be people who polled a majority of the vote of the people for his re-election, the scheme would be the imposition of a lower duty

expenses of the government and the inte

on things in general use and high rates on articles of luxury and refinement, the total

im of the levy not to exceed the necessary

art of the amount of the area of the amount of the amount of the area of the a a public building at Sheboygan

orted and placed in the calendar. The senate then adjourned. EXCEPT IRRIGATION.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The motion made by Mr. Cannon that the noise go in-ocommittee of the whole for the further consideration of the senate amendments of the sundry civil appropriation bill was intogonized in the interest of District of clumbia legislation, but prevailed—yeas

The recommendations of the committee on appropriations were agreed to without much friction, the bone of contention, the senate irriegation amendment, being passed over until the other matters were

sposed of. Mr. Cannon made a strong effort to throw into conference the senate amendment increasing the appropriation for publication of the official records of the war of the rebellion, from \$152,100 to \$235,000 but was defeated, the house deciding o concur-all the Democrats, with a verpublicans voting to agree to the amend

Without disposing of all the amendments, the committee rose and the house adjourned.

PENSIONS FOR KANSANS. Washington, July 28.—The following ensions were granted to residents of Kan-

e tariff bill) If there is a majority of
e senate in layer of it, why should it not
permitted to say so? The senator from
hio (Mr. Sherman) had made four
erches upon the bill and in the course of
em had read the same identical articles
high the senator from Missouri had ochigh the last three mornings in reading.

El Dorado: William L. Waltus, Oak Valer James Hobuson Columbus, Marcel
his Reynolds, Garnett, Benjamin Griffith,
El Dorado: William L. Waltus, Oak Valer James Hobuson Columbus, John W. which the last three mornings in reading. El Dorado: William L. Waltus, Oak Value, the did not think that the friends ley, James Johnson, Columbus, John W. the Charles of the measure should be cansured. He Elsworth, Cassville, Moses R. Moore, thought it reasonable that a vote should Pressey, Enos Rushton, Maceyville, Willitte two books be taken on it. The time had not been tam Terhune, Morehead, John Lucker, to the city.

Leavenworth; Joseph R. Boyle, Arcadia; Henry T. Dirmitt, Goodland; Thomas Williams, Traer; William C. Reynolds, Guildford; Jerim Hill, Topeka; David Calley, Yates Ceter; Andrew J. Stockton, Maceyville; James M. Shanks, Pittsburg; Jacob Hooper, Sterling; Artenus C. McKenney, Haddam; Augustus Peno, Lawrenceburg; Francis Welly, Hill City; Joseph B. Clifford, Wellington; Madison A Rednow, Humboldt; Thomas B. McClure, Madison; Samuel Fanst, Emporia; William A. Balew, Allen; Isaac Miller, Burlington. Reissue—John Lanver, Atlanta, Original, wildows, etc.—Mary S., mother of Charles Capron, Thama.

THE PACKAGE CONFEREES. THE PACKAGE CONFEREES.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The conferees on the original package bill have been appointed. On the part of the senate they are Wilson of Iowa, Edmunds of Vermont, and George of Mississippi. The house conferees are Reed of Iowa, Thompson of Ohio, and Oates of Alabama. It was believed that Speaker Reed would appoint E.B. Taylor, of Ohio, and Culberson, of Texas, but it is understood that the friends of the Reed bill in the house protested. Speaker Reed therefore appointed two members with less radical views. There members with less radical views. There is little doubt that when the committee meets they will agree upon a measure very similar to the Wilson bill. They will seek to avoid any legislation which will involve other articles of commerce than

SPECIAL RATES FOR ALL CLASSES. WASHINGTON, July 28.—Representative Mason from the committee on commerce today reported a bill as a substitute for all measures which have been before that committee relative to the rates afforded theatrical companies traveling in parties. The substitute proposes an amendment to The substitute proposes an amendment to the interstate law which will not only perthe interstate law which will not only per-mit theatrical or other companies to secure from the railroads special rates, but will give farmers, merchants or any societies the benefit of special rates where seven or more travel from and to the same point.

EXTENSION OF APPROPRIATIONS. EXTENSION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—It has become necessary in view of the failure of congress to act finally upon all the regular appropriation bills to provide for a further extension of the appropriations on the basis of those made last year and Chairman Cannon, of the appropriation committee, has been instructed to report to the house a suitable joint resolution. The bills that remain undisposed are the sundry civil, fortifications, and Indian and District of Columbia appropriations. olumbia appropriations

AN OKLAHOMA POSTMASTER. WASHINGTON, July 28 .- J. R. McMahon has been appointed postmaster at Frazer, vice Jennie A. Holt, resigned.

PLAY IN THE RING.

Fitzsimmons, of New Zealand, Handles Upham Like a Baby.

nation in the south, and that is what we will never submit to under any circum-stances. We southern Democrats care little about national politics. It is a question of home rule with us. In a fair question of home rule with us. In a fair election the negroes would carry the poils in many places. There is no use beating about the bush. We all know it to be so. Fair elections? No, so long as the negroes are in the majority. We are for a fair election between white men, but it might as well be understood first as last the centre will not submit to mero rule. e south will not submit to negro rule, sieral law or no federal law. Sternhart, of Greenville, Ala., who said A. Sternhart, of Greenville, Ala., who is stopping at the Palmer house. He spoke with an earnestness that left no doubt as to his sincerity. Mr. Sternhart is a representative citizen of Alabama, and is now on his dge Knights of Pythias, at Milwai hich he attended in the capacit which he attended in the capacity of upreme representative from the state of

NEWSPAPERS SUED FOR LIBEL LAWRENCE, Kan., July 28.—Linton J. sher, of this city, has begun a criminal hel suit against the Omaha (Neb.) Bee, laiming damages for \$30,000. The action based upon an article in the issue of the see of July 18, in which Usher is charged it it robbery and murder. He complains hat the L. J. Usher referred to means the laintiff, that the publication brands him s the murderer of his clerk, and that Mrs. No to keep the secret. All of hese statements, the plaintiff alleges, are these statements, the plainting alleges, are false and without foundation. He further alleges that the publication was copied by many of the leading papers of the country, and his business and social relations have been injured greatly, and on this account and the great anxiety and mental torture caused by such publication, he claims the damages asked for in his petition. Mr. Usher was in Lawrence at the time of the robbery and never was in Omaha in his life. He is the son of the late Judge John P. Usher, secretary of the interior in Pres-dent Lincoln's cabinet. The Lawrence fournal republished the Bee article and out will be instituted against that paper. Usher is very wealthy and will push the

EXCURSIONISTS IN A WRECK.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 28 - The steamer irginia, of the Old Bay line, which left altimore at 7 o'clock this evening for Norcalls, on her regular trip was in collision with the steamer Louise, on her way to haltimore from Talchester Beach, on the hesapeake Bay, with 1.50 excursionists. The collision occurred at Sill p. m. off fort Carroll, about five miles from Balti-Fort Carroll, about five miles from Balti-more. It is said that the collision result-ed from the efforts of the steamers to avoid a schooner in tow of a tugboat. The weither was thick and rainy. The Vir-ginia struck the Louise on the starboard side, cutting away the outer woodwork and crashing into the saloon. The Vir-ginia's stern was badly twisted and her bow stove in. Many excursionists are missing. Three bodies had been recovered up to 11 o'clock. It is supposed others missing Three bodies had been recovere up to 11 o'clook. It is supposed other have been lost. The steamers came to Baltimore under their own steam.

THE CREW ALL RESCUED.

Bostox, Mass., July S.—The steamer D. Miller, which arrived here yesterday rnoon from Baltimore, reports that at m. on the 26th, when off Five Fathorn II a m. on the 26th, when off Five Fathom bank, the light ship picked up two boats containing twenty men, the crew of the British steamer Charles Morah, which salled from New York for Vera Craz last week with a cargo of oil. They report that the Charles Moran was sunk by an unknown schooner, at I a m., on the 26th, The two boats and the crew were brought to the city.

BLOODY BATTLE

SANGUINARY ENGEGEMENT IN BUENOS AYRES.

The Government Troops Defeated With a Thousand Killed And Wounded.

munication Will be Out off-Deadly Riot in a Greek Church at Constantinople-Indignitees to the Patriarch-Foreign Gleamings.

Buenos Ayres, July 28.—The revolutionary movement continues to spread. The fighting between the government troops and the revolutionists yesterday was desperate. The government forces were defeated and 1,000 of them were killed or wounded. The navy has joined the revoluntionary movement. Insurgent artillery bombarded the governor's house and the barracks all day. A twenty-four hours truce was then arranged between the opposing forces.

the opposing forces.

The triumph of the revolutionists appears to be assured.

The authorities of Argentine Republic have notified all telegraph companies whose lines connect with lines in that whose lines connect with lines in that country that the telegraph communication will be suspended until further notice.

London, July 28.—The Times has the following from Buenos Ayres, dated July 27. noon: Fighting began yesterday at dawn and ceased at dark, both sides maintaining their positions. Celman's police and cavalry suffered terribly in attacking the civicas and troops. The provisionals were intrenched in the artillery barracks. The city during the night was like a city of the dead, but behind their shutters the citizens were on the alert, armed with rifles. After nightfall the civicas advanced two blocks.

two blocks.

The provisionals reopened a heavy military fire at dawn today on troops under Vice President Pelligreni. A terrible mistake occurred during the fighting. The Eleventh regiment suddenly turned in favor of the provisionals government, approached the artillery and before they could make their intentions known to the intentions known to the

open city without notice.

Just arrived at the government house. He will confer with the ministers and generals. The polygiot population has almost held entirely alouf from the fighting. Only

The polygiot population and the polygiot population and the polygiother the place of the place o

OFFICIAL ADVICES.

Washington, July 28.—A telegram was received this morning by the acting secre-tary of state from Minister Pitkin at Buenes Ayres, stating: "A recolution of the army is in progress. The army is divided and stege is declared."

CAUSE OF THE REBELLION.

here from Buenos Ayres states that the leaders of the revolutionary movement be-louged in that city. They were incensed that the best posts under the government yere given to more from LONDON, July 28.-A dispatch received s given to men from the province of lova. The dispatch further says that or Roca will probably resume the pres-cy, as it is believed that he is the only man capable of restoring confidence. Pre-vious to the arrangement of the armistice the war ships which had just joined the revolutionary movement bombarded the valist stronghold. STMPATHIZERS IN PARIS

PARIS, July 28.—A dispatch from Buenos Ayres sent at 10 a.m. says that the govern-ment troops have been largely reinforced and that President Celman has returned. The members of the Argentine colones, in this city publish a note in the Liberte balling the revolution in Buenos Ayres because they say President Celman's financial policy has ruined the public credit and private fortunes. The signers of the note approve the formation of a provisional overnment which they declars will lead the establishment of good government for the republic.

VIOLENCE TO A PRIEST.

A Battle Precipitated in a Church by Incensed Armenians.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 28 - A large crowd of Armenians gathered in the Armenian cathedral in this city yesterday for the purpose of remonstrating with the patriarch of the church for his weak action toward river at Willoud the porte regarding the outrage perpetrate

ed by Turks in Armenia and to demand his ed by Turks in Armenia and to demand his resignation. One of the crowd mounted a chair in the cathe iral and demanded that the patriarch explain the event that had occurred at Erzeroum and the position of affairs in Armenia. The patriarch protested against the action of the mob and declared that the sacred edifice was no place for such a demonstration. This answer to their demands exasperated the mob and they rushed upon the patriarch. swer to their demands exasperated the mob and they rushed upon the patriarch, dragged him from the pulpit and otherwise maltreated him. After being very roughly treated the patriarch finally succeeded in breaking loose from his assailants and made his escape from the cathedral. Military assistance was asked for to quell the disturbance. A body of Turkish troops was sent to restore order, but when they entered the cathedral and tried to clear the building they met with desperate clear the building they met with desperate resistance. The mob was armed with revolvers and spiked staves and a bloody conflict ensued between them and the troops. Four of the soldiers and three of

the rioters were killed and others injured before the mob was driven from the build-ing. The cathedral is now closed. WILLIAM AT WILHELMSHAVEN Berlin, July 28.—Emperor William arrived at Wilhelmshaven today on his return from his trip in Norwegian waters. He is looking exceedingly well and there is no doubt that the trip has greatly improved his health.

FOUR LABORERS KILLED. MANCHESTER, N. H., July 28.—Four persons were killed by a collision of trains here today. The trains contained laborers who were on their way to work. A numwho were on their way to work. A num-ber of cars were thrown over the canal

THE CRIMINAL LAW DEFECTIVE. Atchison, Kan., July 28.—B. P. Waggener announces that he will present a petition to United States Judge Foster asking that to United States Judge Foster asking that Arthur Lett, a state prisoner in the Kansas penitentiary, be released. Lett is a young colored man who was sent to prison for seducing a girl under 18 years of of age. A recent statute provides that such a seduction shall be regarded as rape and the offender shall be punished by confinement at hard labor. "The crimes act" says a felony shall be punished by "confinement at hard in the penitentiary." The act making Lett's offense a crime omits the words "in the penitentiary." This discrepancy, Mr. Waggener claims, will release Lett from the penitentiary, and the severest punishment that claims, will release Lett from the penitentiary, and the severest punishment that can be inflicted is imprisonment in the county jail. He quotes the well known principle of law that statutes relating to crimes shall be construed strictly. If the court releases Lett on the point, it will practically discharge from the prison 500 or 800 prisoners in for other offenses, whose sentences are authorized by sections of the law which omit the words "in the penitentiary." Mr. Waggener is a lawyer of recognized ability, and says he does not apply to the state court because it would not be the policy of a state court to make a decision that would set at liberty nearly decision that would set at liberty nearly all the prisoners in the penitentiary

From the circle said, spoke of the necessity of taking action on that subject but nothing was done in all the subject but not not said to have been that as yet the Democrats have not manifested a purpose of the world. It was the not such are the nothing was the nothing MARSHAL THOMAS KILLS A MAN.

The armistice negotiations continue at the government house. The adherents of Celman are positive that 3,000 troops and forty pieces of artillery are ready when the armistice is over to attack the civicas.

Monday, 9 a. m.—President Celman's troops have occupied the houses around the Plaza Mayo and have placed light artillery in the plaza. The demands of the civica union have been reduced to a request that President Celman resign. The fleet lies a good way out with steam up. The armistice has been extended until 2 o'clock.

New York, July 28.—The jury in the lands of innocent persons the

New York, July 28.—The jury in the Annie Goodwin case returned the follow-ing verdict this evening: "We, the jury armistice has been extended until 20'clock. It a.m. President Celman officially says that the civicas are training for a surrender but this disbelleved. Forty-six cannons have arrived for Celman's forces, also 1,200 troops. The foreign ministers have instructed commanders of the American, British and Spanish gunboats, if the fleet resumed bombarding to protest jointly that it is contrary to the rules of war to bombard an open city without notice. Celman has open city without notice. Celman has instructed at the government house. He man, was an accessory after the act. He man, was an accessory after the act

> STOLE A SHIPS'S LIQUOR. New York, July 28—Henry Allison, John McNamara and James T. Ryan, three cattlemen who were ring leaders in the riot on the steamer Chicago which got into port yesterday were arraigned in cour today and held for trial on a charge of rob bery. On the steamer's way over the were passengers and broke into the hole and stole liquor which was among the FATAL BLOW WITH A BEER MUG.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., July 28.—In a drunken row which occurred yesterday on the excursion steamer, Willie Code, Jerry Nichols, a negro tough, was struck on the head by a beer mug and severely wounded. It is thought that he will not recover.

REFUSED A NEW TRIAL ATLANTA, Ga., July 28.—The supreme court this morning refused a new trial for Tom Woolfolk, who murdered nine persons in Ridd county.

NATIONAL BAR ASSOCIATION.

Washington, July 28.—The third annual meeting of the National Bar association will be held in Indisampolis beginning Wednesday, August 6. One of the principal objects of the national association is to harmonize as far as possible the conflicting state laws affecting commerce. Commercial law, banking, bankrupter and kindred matters will be discussed and the only the conficiency of the confidence of the con and kindred matters will be discussed and through the respective delegations it is hoped to bring about a practical unifica-tion of laws of the various states on those important subjects. The movement in the rection of forming an international bar association will take the shape of an effort at the Indianapolis convention to effect a union with the association for the reform and codification of the law of nations This association was founded in Brussels in 1873 and is international in character.

AN ORIGINAL PACKAGE CASE. AN ORIGINAL PACKAGE CASE.

Jola, Kan., July 28.—M. Blocker, original package agent, was arrested today charged with violating the prohibition law. He was arrested on thirisen counts on information of the county attorney. He was bound over to the district court. His ball was filed at \$1,000. He musle no effort to get ball and is now in jail. No attorney here will take his case but it is understood that a Chanute attorney will appear for him. The county attorney will appear for him. The county attorney are appear for him. The county attorney ex-pects to prove that sales were made in

DROWNED WHILE PICNICKING Chicago, Ill. July 28 - Miss Lens Jennings, a handsome girl 30 years of age, was drowned yesterday in the Despiaines river at Willow Springs, a picnic grove

other than original packages.

COULDN'T GET A BITE TO EAT.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., July 28.—Yesterday morning a couple of boys made the ghastly discovery of the dead body of a man hanging from the limb of a wild cherry tree, three of four miles northwest of the city. Coroner Parson was notified and an inquest was held late at night. The body was that of a heavy-set man, 69 or 65 years of age, with a mustache and a couple of weeks growth of beard. Near by were his coat, hats, shoes and a large black satchel. A letter on his person from his brother, W. H. Carpenter, of Stoddard, Kan., showed his name to be John B. Carpenter. The following paper was found in his hat:

"July, 1899.—When this comes to hand I shall have passed over the cold, dark boundary. Don't think hard of me. My children wouldn't do anything for me. The last six years of my life have been hard to bear. The people of Springfield do nothing for me. I could not get a bite to eat in the place. I have had nothing to eat for four days, I am an old man and can not take care of myself any longer." COULDN'T GET A BITE TO EAT.

BASE BALL PLAYERS' LEAGUE.

AT BUFFALO. Base hits—Buffalo 13, Philadelphia 10, Errors—Buffalo 7, Philadelphia 4 Pitchers—Cunningham and Knell.

AT PIVISBURG.

Pittsburg. . . . 0 1 0 0 1 2 0 0 0 - 4 New York. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 - 0 Hits-Pittsburg 6; New York 5. Errors-Pittsburg 2, New York 2. Pitchers-Morris and O'Day. AT CLEVELAND.

Boston ... Base hits Cleveland 6, Boston 9. Errors-Cleveland 4, Boston 8. Pitchers-O'Brine and Radbourne.

AT CHICAGO. Chicago 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 2— Brooklyn 0 1 3 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1— Base hits—Chicago 10: Brooklyn 12. Errors—Chicago 5, Brooklyn 4. Pitchers—King and Weyhing.

WESTERN ASSOCIATION. AT BROOKLYN. Brooklyn......4 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1-..0000000000 Brse hits—Brooklyn 10; Columbus 7, Errors—Brookly 5, Columbus 7. Pitchers—McCullough and Knauss.

AT ATHLETICS Base hits—Atheletics 7, Tolodo 12. Frrors—Atheletics 0, Tolodo 6. Pitchers—McMahon and Smith.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT PITTSBURG.200000000 ... 1 0 0 0 0 8 0 0 0 --Base hits—Pittsburg 5, New York 10, Errors—Pittsburg 1, New York 2, Pitchers—Baker and Welch,

AT CLEVELAND. Brooklyn Base hits—Cleveland 12, Brooklyn 5, Errors—Cleveland 4, Brooklyn 2 Pitchers-Beatin and Caruthers.

AT CINCINNATL Errors—Cincinnati 0, Boston 0, Pitchers—Getzeln and Rhines.

AT CHICAGO.

Base hits—Chicago 12, Philadelphia 8, Errors—Chicago 2, Philadelphia 4, Pitchers and Gleason,

THE COMANCHE BOND CASES. Topeks, Kan., July 28 - Charles Elward Lewis applied to the United States circuit

nto the hands of innocent persons to court gave judgment against the county RICE COUNTY DELEGATES. Lyons, Kan., July 28.—The Rice co Republican convention was held to

be following delegates elected to attend The following delegates elected to attend Dodge City congressional convention: C. H. Lantzenhizer, S. B. O'Neal, F. J. Griffith, A. R. Murray, R. B. Shumway, J. S. Evans, J. T. Raston, Following to state convention: J. N. Ricksenker, George Deweese, H. F. Bond, Clark Coukling, J. W. Dave Hirney. The state delegates instructed for A. S. Thompson for state and the

MORE PILLSBURY MILLS. MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 28.—The Pillsbury English syndicate which last fall bought the big Pillsbury and W. D. Washburne flouring mills in this city with a daily capacity of about 15,000 barrels, has succeeded in its effort to secure the mills belonging to the C. C. Washburne beirs, belonging to the C. C. Washburns heirs, 8,000 barrels daily, and tonight a lease for an additional five years was signed with Washburne, Greeby & Co. who have form erly been operating those mills.

BITTEN BY A LION. Sr. Joseph Mo. July 28.—Yesterday af termoon, Charles Johnson, an employed O Brien & Dorley's circus, was severely bitten by a lion belonging to the manag-erie. Johnson was drunk and endeavor ig to exhibit his prowess to some ladies atered the lion's cage and began heating it. The lion knocked him down and was rapidly clawing the life out of him when some of the other employes dragged him out of the care.

HARRISON WILL ATTEND. Bostov, Mass. July 26.—President Har-rison has written. Governor. Brackett. an to be in Boston, Tuesday. August 12, the day of the Grand Army parade, and in reply to the governor's inquiry states that he will accept such hospitality on the part of the state as his brief stay and the exer-

SHORT ON OATS.

cises of the occasion will permit.

Curcago, Ill., July 28 - Errest Hess, ormerly of the Hess Elevator company formerly of the Hess Elevator company and a member of the board of trade since its formation failed briday. He was "short" about 2.000.000 bushels of cats and the recent rapid rise in the price of that cereal forced him to the wall. Liabilities \$150,000. He has about \$80,000 up in margins.

Three hards and the board of trade since were among the validies of two following the walls. No accurate estimate of the loss can now be obtained; it will, however, be heavy. The harm was ouned by Mr. Mehars about \$80,000 up in margins.

DERAILED BY A HORSE.

PAID FINE AND DAMAGES. LEAVESWORTH, Kat., July > - The case of Hev. A. S. Emleree, paster of the Meth-

IN TEN ROUNDS

was anocard out in the tenth round.

STATE AND TERRITORIAL POLITI-CAL GATHERINGS.

Democrats at Oklahoma City Name Caudidates for the Legislature.

Gist of the Platform as Adopted - Candldate Mitchell's Appointments ; for the Campaign.

Big Resubmission Meeting at Ellsworth -Rice and Harvey County Delegate Conventions Herman Pionic at Pittaburg-General Western Gossip.

OKLAHOMA CITY. Ok., July 28.—The Democratic convention of this county met in this city and nominated candidates for the first territorial legislature. J. W. Howard, L. G. Pittman and J. R. Richardson, were named for the council, and J. H. Beatty, J. E. Jones W. D. Perry, C. M. Burke and S. B. Pack were nominated for the house of representatives. The platform adopted denounces the administration for appearing outsiders to positions in this territory, condemns the election force bill as calculated to suppress the will of the people at national elections, favors separate schools for white and black children, opposes prohibitory messures in regard to the saie of intoxicating liquors, dren, opposes prohibitory measures in re-gard to the saie of intoxicating liquors, and favors a regulating heense. The con-vention was harmonious and enthusiastic

SONS OF HERMAN GELEBRATE.

SONS OF HERMAN CELEBRATE.
PITTSBURG, Kab., July 28.—The Pittaburg lodge, Sons of Herman, celebrated their seventy anniversary at the Driving Park, west of the city, just omside of the city limits. The procession formed at their half at It a m., and headed by the Pittsburg band, marched to the grounds, libre appropriate exercises usual to lodges took place. The feature of the celebration was about 150 kegs of beer which was furnished free to all participating. The entrance fee, however, was placed at \$1. About 1,000 people were on the grounds, mostly Germans. The beer lasted until 12 o'clock midnight, when all dispersed. There was no trouble or drunkenness on the grounds. It is the first large German picnic held in the state since the precessor of the prohibitory law. It will be followed by another such picnic in October.

A NICE LEGAL POINT.

MUSKOGHE, L. T., July IS.—There are squestions arising which have a tendency to tangle the United States and Indian courts. A St. Louis firm obtained judgment against J. M. Paird, an Indian of Clarimore. Baird's hotel and furniture were sold by the United States marshal, to satisfy the judgment, and the purchaser, under the law, was also an Indian. Baird has sued the purchaser in the Cherokee court for possession. As the fight goes on now between two members of the same tribe, lawyers look on with interest if Baird succeeds no Indian bereafter will buy, at marshal's sale, the property of an Indian, and the wheels of justice will move slowly when the property of an Indian, and the wheels of justice will move slowly when the property of an Indian is taken to pay a while man's demands. A NICE LEGAL POINT

DOUGLASS' CORN IN BAD SHAPE. LAWEINGE R.M., July 28.—The warm wenther for the past three days and the lack of rain have cocked the corn crop in this county. Corn listed deep will make a two-thirds crop and that listed shallow higher the control of the control will make one-half crop. with planters will not average over one-fourth. In some spots, however, the corn is still in good condition. The African Methodist Episcopal church

began a state camp meeting at Grove yesterday with an attendance of MR. BUSHYHEAD'S VIEWS

Tablequan, I. T. July 28. Ex Chief Bushyhead, who has just returned from Washington city, where he was sent as a delegate from the Cherokve nation, said to your reporter yesterday in answer to in-quiries about the calebrated Watta citizen-ship case. The Watta case is yet pending ship case. The water does by personing but I believe the Indian commissioner's decision will be sustained. And this information is official, as it was given me by an attorney of prominence who had an interview with the attorney general the evening before I left."

BIGMEETING AT ELLSWORTH. cial Disputch to the Dully Earle.

ELLSWORTH, Kan., July 28.-The Resubission meeting held here today was a plendid success. The gathering asembled in school house grove and was argely attended. How A. L. Allen and W. R. Payne each spoke one hour giving their enthusiastic hearers plenty of food for thought. MR. MITCHELL'S APPOINTMENTS.

OKLAHOMA CITT, Ok., July 28.—E. T. Mitchell, Democratic candidate for repre-Mitchell, Democratic candidate for repre-sentative at large, announces his speaking appointments as follows: Monday, July 26, Oklahoma City, July 26, Norman, July 30, Frisco, July 21, Guthrie; August 4, Union City. Mc Mitchell will close his campaign in the evening of August 4, 44 his home at Reno. HARVEY COUNTY CONVENTION.

NEWFOX, Kan., July 28 - The convention choose delegates to the state and co endorsed Governor Humphrey, Senato Ingalis and Congressman Peters and pro-

ENTIRELY DESTROYED.

Twenty-Eight Horses Burned to Death in a Livery Stable. al disperce to the Dusty Engle

Wisyrand, Kan. July 28.-This afternoon Timbale's back bern and livery stable ras completely destroyed with contents. The only thing saved was an express wagon. Twenty eight head of horses were consumed, despite Lernic efficts to drive them from the burning burn. Three backs

DERAILED BY A HORSE.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 28.—As freight train No. 26 on the Louisville and Nash-ville approached a heavy down grade at of sec. A. s. Americe, paster of the Methodist church, who was arrested for the
aborting of a diog that belonged to Dr.
Hunter, was tried this morning in the police court, found guilty and fined E, after
which he tendered 825 to the owner of the
dog to prevent a suit for damages which
was accepted.

This approached a fewer development of the
engine or detected a horse caught between
the time on the bridge. Seeing that he
could not stop his engine in time he put in
about a description of the fewer and the track. The engine was derailed,
jumping over the ties until the bridge had
been passed when better a fewer and the jumping over the ties until the bridge had been passed when both engineer and the man pumped. The engine hall upon the latter, George Barner, killing ham to Milwaukker, Wis. July 28 - In a fight pesterday at the Illinois state line, Patsy Darrington, of Milwauker, and Jim Davis of Wassenship of Wiscousin. Darrington seriously injured. Passenger trains were championship of Wiscousin. Darrington delayed for several hours.